CEK TURNITIN - Error Analysis on Simple Present Tense in Writing Descriptive Text of The Eight Grade Students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro in The Academic Year 2022/2023

by Ukm Penalaran Dan Riset

**Submission date:** 30-Jan-2024 08:50PM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID:** 2282046056

File name: 1\_prosnas\_diah\_ayu\_chyn\_meiga-ags23.pdf (145.62K)

Word count: 2051

Character count: 11370



# Prosiding Nasional Pendidikan: LPPMIKIP PGRI Bojonegoro

7ema: Peluang dan 7antangan Artificial Inttelegent (AI) dalam Dunia Pendidikan

# Error Analysis on Simple Present Tense in Writing Descriptive Text of The Eight Grade Students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro in The Academic Year 2022/2023

Diah Ayu Safitri<sup>1</sup>, Chyntia Heru Woro Prastiwi<sup>2</sup>, Meiga Ratih Tirtanawati<sup>3</sup>
<sup>123</sup>Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris, IKIP PGRI Bojonegoro, Indonesia

diahayusafitri140216@gmail.com chyntiaheru@ikippgribojonegoro.ac.id Miega ratih@ikippgribojonegoro.co.id

Abstrak - Siswa SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro mempunyai kendala ketika menulis bahasa Inggris, khususnya dalam menulis menggunakan simple present tense. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengidentifikasi kesalahan siswa dan mengetahui penyebab kesalahan siswa dalam menggunakan simple present tense dalam menulis teks deskriptif yang dibuat oleh siswa kelas delapan SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro. Ini menggunakan desain penelitian. Sampelnya adalah 17 siswa kelas VIII. Datanya adalah dikumpulkan melalui penulisan tes. Tes menulis dilakukan untuk mengetahui jenis kesalahan yang dilakukan siswa dalam menulis teks deskriptif dengan menggunakan simple present tense. Setelah data tersebut dianalisis, ditemukan hasilnya. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa sebagian besar siswa melakukan kesalahan dalam kelalaian dengan 44 kesalahan dengan persentase 83,01%. Oleh karena itu, berdasarkan temuan penelitian, siswa masih kesulitan dalam menulis menggunakan simple present tense. Kata Kunci: kesalahan siswa, simple present tense dan teks deskriptif

**Abstract -** The students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro had problem when they writing English, especially in writing using simple present tense. This research aimed to identify the students' errors and to know the cause of students' errors in using simple present tense in writing descriptive text made by the eight grade students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro. This used a research design. The samples were 17 students at class VIII. The data was collected through test writing. Test writing was conducted to know types of errors that students make in writing descriptive text by using simple present tense. After those data were analyzed, it was found the result. The result ofthis research showed that the most students made errors in omission with 44 errors on percentage 83.01%. There for, based on the finding of the research, the student was still difficult in writing using simple present tense.

**Keyword:** student's error, simple present tense and descriptive text

## Introduction

Tenses are a grammatical in English that emphasis in using verb form is related on using time. It means that when using verb toward what we are talking about, we have to consider the time at the moment. In English, there are three parts of time that must be known, those are past, present, and future. From these parts of time that most often used is present tense. Present tense is tense form that be used to explain something that happen in the present time. There are four types of simple present and it has different function. Those are simple present tense, present continue, present perfect, present perfect continue. Simple present tense is a tense that be used to say something that related with habit, fact, and general

truth. Generally, we use simple present in writing descriptive text, which descriptive text is a writing form that aim to explain or describe something, such as people, thing, animals, and etc.

Anjayani (2016, p. 2) mentions that writing is the activity of making a recording language in a piece of paper or any other areas to express the idea and message from the writer including the usage of vocabulary and structure of language. Even though these errors will influence their communication but it is important to analyze the errors because by learning the errors there are many advantages. There are many rules in grammar that cannot be ignored. They are articles,parts of speech, sentence pattern, tense, etc. Part of the grammar that is considered tobe most difficult to learn for Indonesian students is tenses.

Most of the students never consider the complexity of simple present tense. They confuse to use plural and singular when they write simple present tense. They still influenced by their mother tongue because there is no change of verb in Indonesian. And the students still made many errors in using Errors is the students' signs who have not mastered the English rules. Harmer (2007:96) defines that errors are mistakes which they cannot correct themselves and which, therefore, need explanation. The students will not understand the English rules without making errors first. Mourtaga in Abushihab (2014,p.214) stated that error and mistakes are different from each other because an error cannot be selfcorrected and is caused by a learner"s inadequate knowledge of the target language whereas a mistake can be self corrected. So, learner at various levels can do error in writing including advanced level.

According to Rinastuty (2014, p. 23), descriptive text is a text which describes a person, thing, place and certain condition in particular. So, descriptive test is a text which presents information about something. The information given in a descriptive text is very general, in fact the students usually do not know about kinds of topic that can be chosen and how to develop them to produce a descriptive text. One of the tenses that was regarded difficult by them is simple present tense. They found difficulties to understand the sentence in simple present tense, the formula of simple present tense, and the rule of verb in simple present tense. For example, "I am go to school". There is an error in that sentence; the correct one "I go to school". She also adds that one of the reasons for this error is because in Indonesian, the verb will change based on the changing of subject and adverb of time especially in the simple present tense. Thus, those examples are evidence that the students do not understand the rules and the usage of the simple present tense. English teachers must be aware of this and take steps to avoid these errors. One strategy that can be used is by using an error analysis in using the tenses made by students. The researcher would like to conduct research by the tittle " Error Analysis On Simple Present Tense In Writing Descriptive Text of The of Eight Grade Students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro".

#### **METHOD**

This research used descriptive qualitative research because the writer's purpose is to describe the errors made by eight grade students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo in writing descriptive text. Qulitative is the technique of analyzing data. The qualitative method is a research procedure that procedures the descriptive data such as written words or spoken words from people or activities that can be observed.

Strauss and Corbin, (2015), qualitative research is purposed as kinds of research that the results is not got through statistic procedure or another form of arithmetic. In this case, this study aims to reveal what errors appear most in the learners" descriptive writing and it was conducted in natural condition of learning process in the classroom.

This instrument was a methodological research tool used in research to collect the data. The researcher needed some instruments are writing test and questionaire. The procedure of collecting data of the research as follows:

## a. Writing Test

To get the details about students' errors in writing descriptive text, writing test is employed by the researcher in the form of. So, the instrument from collecting the data is writing test. Eighty minutes of time allocation given to the students to complete the test about describing an animal and people.

### b. Questionnaire

Moreover, the purpose of questionnaire in this research is to find out the factors causing the students' errors in using present tense in writing descriptive text. This questionnaire supports the data which is obtained from the students' writing products. The researcher will analyze the questionnaire based on students' answers in order to identify the most common students' errors and to describe the factors causing students' errors in using present tense in writing descriptive text. The students' answers in the questionnaire will be calculated in percentage form.

## FINDING AND DISCUSSION

Based on the study that was conducted at SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo, the researcher found some results of students' errors in using present tense in writing descriptive text. After collecting and identifying the data, the researcher explained them in detail. First, the researcher identified and then classified the errors into four types; omission, addition, and misformation. Next, these errors were analyzed and summarized in the form of table. The total of

errors was presented in the form of table in order to answer the first research question about the most dominant students' errors in using present tense in writing

descriptive text.

Table 1: The total of errors

No	Types of Errors	<b>Total of Errors</b>	Persentages
1.	Omission	44	83.01 %
2.	Addition	1	1.88 %
3.	Misformation	8	15.09 %
	Total	100	100%

According to the data above, the highest error was omission, which they made 44 errors (83.01%). Meanwhile, the students made 1 (1.88%) errors of addition, and 8 (15.09%) errors of misformation. Therefore, a number of errors were 53 errors in using present tense in writing descriptive text.

### CONCLUSION

Based on the result of the students" error in writing descriptive text, it was found that the three types of error found in this research, they were omission, addition, and misformation, with total errors were 53 errors. It could be errors of omission 44 (83.01%), 1 (1.88%) errors of addition, 8 (15.09%) errors of misformation. Thus, the omission was the most dominant students' errors in using present tense in writing descriptive text.

## **Bibliography**

Abushihab, I. (2014). An Analysis of Grammatical Errors in Writing Made by Turkish Learners of English as a Foreign Language. *International Journal of Linguistics*, Vol.6, No.4, 214

Anjayani, D. M. (2016). Error Analysis on the Use Preposition in Students' Writing. *Journal of English Language Teaching*, 2.

Azar, B. S. (2003). Fundamentals of English Grammar. America: Longman. Baehaqi, I. (2005). Practical English Grammar. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar. Brown, H.D 2000. Principlesof Language Learning and Teaching. London: Cambridge UniversityPress.

Effendy. 2014. An error Analysis in Writing Descriptive Text Made by 8th Grade Students of SMP AL-Islam Kartasura. Surakarta: Muhammadiyah UniversityofSurakarta,(online),(http://eprints.ums.ac.id/29950/12/ARTIC LE\_PUBLICATION.pdf, accesed at July 10, 2018)

Harmer, Jeremy. 2007. How to Teach English. England: Pearson Education Limited

Liasari, D. T., Sutrsyah, C., &Sutarsyah. (2016). An Analysis of Students'

- Grammatical Errors in Writing Report Text. English Study Program, Lampung University, pp 4.
- Meliyanti, R. (2013). An Analysis on Students" Grammatical Errors in Descriptive Texts Writing. (A Descriptive Study in the Second Year Students of MTSN SatuAtap-Balaraja)
- Muhsin, M. A. (2016). Analyzing The Students Error in Using Simple Present (a casestudy at Junior High School in Makassar). *Pacific Science Review B: Humanities and Social Sciences 2*, pp 82-90.
- Kamil, R. (2017). Memahami Simple Present Tense dalam Pendekatan Jurnal Ilmiah. http://www.researchgate.net
- Knapp, Peter and Megan Watkins. 2005. Genre, Text, Grammar Technologies For Teaching And Assesing Writing. Sydney: University of New South Wales.
- Krisnawati, E. (2013). Errors or Mistakes? Incorrectness in Students' Answers in A Subject-matter Examination. *International Journal of Language Learning and Applied Linguistics World (IJLLALW)*.4 (4),185-186.
- Kuntjara, E. (2013). Creating Identities through Facebook Online Comments: A postmodernist perspective on Indonesian Youth Culture. *Merit Research Journal*, 1(5), 059-066.
- Kurniasih, T.R., Nopita, D., Elfiza, R. (2017). An Analysis of Students' Skill in Writing Procedure Text. Bandung: Unpublished Thesis.
- Pratama, R. E. (2015). An Error Analysis in Writing Descriptive Text Made by the Eight Grade Students of SMP MUHAMMADIYAH 2 MASARAN in 2014/2015 Academic Year.
- Rinastuty, (2014). Analysis Students" Errors in Writing Descriptive Text Using Present Tense. English Study Program, Asahan University.
- Rosa, R. N., Muryanti, E., Mulia, D., & Jaya, I. (2008). English for general purposes. *Sukabina Offset*.
- Rustipa, K. (2011). Contrastive Analysis, Error Analysis, Interlanguage and The Implicationto Language Teaching. *Ragam Jurnal Pengembangan Humaniora*, 11 (1), 18-20.
- Strauss and Corbin, 2015. Basic of Qualitative Research Fourth Edition. London: SAGE Publications, Inc.
- Werner, P. K., Nelson, J. P., & Spaventa, M. (2002). *Interactions Access*, 4th Edition. New York: McGraw Hill

CEK TURNITIN - Error Analysis on Simple Present Tense in Writing Descriptive Text of The Eight Grade Students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro in The Academic Year 2022/2023

2022/2023			
ORIGINALITY REPORT			
15% SIMILARITY INDEX	8% INTERNET SOURCES	4% PUBLICATIONS	6% STUDENT PAPERS
PRIMARY SOURCES			
WRITI STRAT KRESI	n Ramadhani. "AN NG BY USING SU EGY AT PRE-PLAN NA ENGLISH LANG Pendidikan Baha	RFACE TAXON NET PROGRAM GUAGE INSTIT	OMY 1 OF UTE",
2 Subm Student Po	itted to Universit	as Negeri Mak	assar 1 %
Subm Surak Student Po		as Muhammad	diyah 1 %
4 Subm Lump Student P.		/-Tech MARA K	čuala 1 %
5	e61-768a-4fd9-8a 1ee8e07.filesusr.		1 %

6	www.coursehero.com Internet Source	1%
7	Submitted to Universitas Putera Indonesia YPTK Padang Student Paper	1 %
8	jurnal.unimus.ac.id Internet Source	1%
9	Submitted to Universitas Islam Negeri Raden Fatah Student Paper	1 %
10	repository.lppm.unila.ac.id Internet Source	1 %
11	Rahmawati Wati, Ruth Debora Sari Dame Sitompul, Prencis Triiswati Tinambunan, Mirahati Harefa, Helmina Hepi Lismawati Laia. "STUDENTS ERRORS ANALYSIS IN CONSTRUCTING NEGATIVE AND INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES BY USING SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE AT THE FIRST GRADE STUDENTS OF SMP SWASTA KARTIKA 1-2 MEDAN", Edu-Ling: Journal of English Education and Linguistics, 2019 Publication	1%
12	aeppsikologi.blogspot.com Internet Source	1%
13	fdocuments.us	

fdocuments.us
Internet Source

		<b>I</b> %
14	mail.mjltm.org Internet Source	1%
15	Suroso Surosos. "ANALISIS KESALAHAN SISWA DALAM MENGERJAKAN SOAL-SOAL FISIKA TERMODINAMIKA PADA SISWA SMA NEGERI 1 MAGETAN", Jurnal Edukasi Matematika dan Sains, 2016 Publication	<1%
16	Submitted to Victoria University  Student Paper	<1%
17	journal.uin-alauddin.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
18	repository.um-palembang.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
19	www.repository.umuslim.ac.id Internet Source	<1%

CEK TURNITIN - Error Analysis on Simple Present Tense in Writing Descriptive Text of The Eight Grade Students of SMPN Satu Atap Turi Tambakrejo Bojonegoro in The Academic Year 2022/2023

GRADEMARK REPORT	
FINAL GRADE	GENERAL COMMENTS
/0	
PAGE 1	
PAGE 2	
PAGE 3	
PAGE 4	
PAGE 5	